Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXI. SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1832. NO. 3660.

wport Mercury.

RIN[illegible] AND PUBLISHED BY

[illegible] & J. H. BARBER,

o. [illegible] STREET.

Terms.

OLL[illegible] $1 in advance.

per [illegible] at the

ion o[illegible] arrearages

id.

of [illegible] Advertisement not

ing a [illegible] three weeks for

117 cen[illegible] insertion; Sixty

All A[illegible] except where an

[illegible] paid for previous

ertion

TH's New Grammar.

GLISH G[illegible] on the Pro-

ctiv[illegible] in Germany and

rland, [illegible] Academy

s, de[illegible]

y R. C[illegible], Author of Prac-

d Me[illegible], and Intellec-

l Pro[illegible]—Just received

for Sa[illegible]

W & J. H. BARBER

ch 31, 1832.

NEW

Grocery Store.

A. ROBINSON,

st Re[illegible] and offers for Sale,

AT [illegible] IN THE

chants' Bank Building

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES.

Wines,—Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, dry and sweet Malaga, Sherry, Port, Claret, Bordeaux, Champagne.

Liquors,—Brandy, Cordial and [illegible]; Scotch and Old Jamaica Rum, &c. [illegible]

Teas,—Tyson, Young Hyson, Hyson, Souchong, &c.

Groceries,—Sugars, Havana and brown, St. Croix and loaf Sugar, Crystalized.—Coffee, Cuba, St. [illegible], Java, Laguira, [illegible]

Raisins, Bag and Box.

Cloves, cinnamon, citron, mace, pepper, currants, almonds, [illegible], soap, indigo, mustard, chocolate, olives, capers anchovies, ginger, rice, beans, soda and butter crackers, &c &c.

Maccaboy, macabeau, rappee and [illegible] Snuff, and P. A. L. Tobacco—[illegible] G. B. Miller's fine cut tobacco, Virginia, cavendish, ladies twist and [illegible] Tobacco.

Newport, May 12

AT TILLEY'S,

Will be opened This Day

A CASE of most desirable GOODS, which was selected with care [illegible] Week, in Boston, from the latest importations; and which will be sold at [illegible] so low, as to excite the admiration [illegible] friends and Customers.

On MONDAY NEXT, another large [illegible] will be received and for Sale, [illegible] assured [illegible] satisfaction to the [illegible] Purchasers who honor him with a call.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Executor to the last Will and Testament of

JONATHAN BOWEN,

late of Somerset, in the County of Bristol, by proving his Will and giving bonds as the law directs; he therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon to exhibit the same for settlement to

GEORGE BOWEN, *Executor.*

Newport, Jan 20, 1832.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estates of MARTHA BUCKMASTER, of ABBY WALDRON, both late of Newport, deceased, are requested to present them to the Subscriber, and all those indebted to said Estates, to make payment to

GEORGE ENGS, *Executor's Adm'r.*

Newport, Feb 11, 1832.

TO LET.—The House on [illegible] Hill, (Dwelling [illegible] Lately occupied by Mrs. Buckminster, [illegible] Apply as above

Newport, Feb 18.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL Notes and Accounts of long standing [illegible] B. H. MILLER, Jr. OR—unless paid by the first of June, will be put [illegible] for Collection.

Newport, May 19.

REMOVAL,

GEORGE ENGS, & Co.

HAVE removed their **Hardware Store**, four doors south of the Old Stand, to **No. 122**—Known as the Perry, or Lopez Estate.—Their **Lumber Yard** being on the adjoining Wharves.—Stock of HARDWARE, STOVES, & LUMBER, as heretofore.

Newport, May 12.

WOOD.

SEALED Proposals will be received by the Subscriber until the 1st of July Next, for supplying WOOD for the use of the Troops in the Harbor of Newport, not exceeding in the whole, **300** Cords.—Thirty Cords to be delivered in the month of July, and the delivery to be completed by the 1st of Dec. next.—The whole to be sound merchantable Oak Wood, measuring 128 cubic feet to the Cord.

Bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, supported by two good and sufficient sureties.

F. N. BARBARIN, *1st Lt. 3d Art. A'g Qr. Master.*

Fort Wolcott, May 16, 1832.

FRESH BEEF.

SEALED Proposals will be received by the Subscriber, until the 1st of June Next, for supplying FRESH BEEF to the Troops in the Harbor of Newport, for One Year, commencing on the 1st of June next. The Beef to be of a good and wholesome quality, in Quarters, with an equal proportion of each, as to quantities, as may be from time to time required, not exceeding three times a week, on such days as shall be designated by the Assistant Commissary of Subsistence. Bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, signed by two good and sufficient sureties.

F. N. BARBARIN, *1st Lieut. 3d Art. Asst. Com. Sub.*

Fort Wolcott, May 16, 1832.

FOR SALE,

TEN Shares in the Bank of Rhode Island.—Apply at the Bank.

Newport, May 26.

TO LET,

THAT well known **Stand**, in Washington Square, formerly owned and occupied by the late CHARLES FRY, consisting of a SHOP, with all the necessary Furniture for a Druggist, with a convenient Room in the rear.—It having been occupied as my years as an Apothecary's Shop, with an extensive run of custom, it would afford an excellent opportunity to any one wishing to establish himself in that business. For terms apply to

THOMAS BRINLEY.

Newport, May 14

GERMAN

White Lead,

MADE ONLY BY THE SALEM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, IN SALEM, MASS.

THIS WHITE LEAD is made by a new process, recently introduced by a celebrated German Chemist, who owns a Patent right for the whole French Empire, for 15 years, and which has induced the Company exclusively in the art of making it for the whole United States.

In comparison with other Lead, it is in beauty, strength, and other essential properties, as much superior as Paris White is superior to common whiting. The Company *guarantee* that one pound of this Lead will cover as much surface, when ground in Oil, with equal quantities of other White Lead, mixed with the usual quantity of Oil, and be of a more durable nature.

Two coats of it will cover equal to three coats of other White Lead.

One pound of this Lead mixed with equal parts of Paris White and Linseed Oil will cover more surface than one pound of *Pure White Lead* made by the Dutch process, and will cover more than two pounds of Lead made by the American process.

Painters may be assured that it will go much further than Dutch White Lead in covering.

GENTLEMEN wishing to paint their Houses *a durable* strong Lead color, with a *beautiful* Stone color, will accomplish their object by using this White.

The above LEAD is for sale by

Henshaw & Co.

Agents for the Salem Manufacturing Co. No. 93, Milk Street, Boston.

Boston, March 1, 1832. 3m.

For New-York,

THE splendid Sloop GEORGE & MARY, [illegible] Thompson, Master, will sail on WEDNESDAY, May 30th, for New York, and will leave New York for Newport the succeeding Wednesday, and will continue to run between Newport and New York once a Fortnight, [illegible] leaving each Port [illegible] Wednesday. For Freight or Passage apply to the Subscriber, at the Store [illegible] the Master on board at Stevens's Wharf.

GEORGE KNOWLES.

POETRY.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

BY MRS. HEMANS.

Hast thou sounded the depths of yonder sea,
And counted the sands that under it be?
Hast thou measured the height of heaven above?
Then may'st thou mete out a mother's love.

Hast thou talked with the blessed of leading on
To the throne of God some wandering son?
Hast thou witnessed the angels' bright employ?
Then may'st thou speak of a mother's joy.

Evening and morn hast thou watched the bee
Go forth on her errand of industry?
The bee for herself hath gathered and toiled,
But the mother's cares are all for her child.

Hast thou gone with the traveller, thought, afar,
From pole to pole, and from star to star?
Thou hast; but on ocean, earth or sea,
The heart of a mother has gone with thee.

There is not a grand inspiring thought,
There is not a truth by wisdom taught,
There is not a feeling pure and high,
That may not be read in a mother's eye.

And ever, since earth began, that look
Has been to the wise an open book,
To win them back from the loss they prize,
To the holier love that edifies.

There are teachings on earth, and sky and air,
The heavens the glory of God declare;
But louder than voice beneath, above,
Here is heard to speak a mother's love.

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION.—The following Hymn was written by WILLIS G. CLARKE, for the eighth anniversary of the American Sunday School Union, in Philadelphia, on the 16th inst. and was sung on that occasion:—

We have met in peace, together,
In this house of God again;
Constant friends have led us hither,
Here to chant the solemn strain:
Here to breathe our adoration,
While the balmy breeze of spring,
Like the Spirit of Salvation,
Comes, with gladness on its wing!

And, while nature glows with beauty,
While the fields are deck'd with flowers,
Shall our hearts forget their duty,
Shall our souls neglect their powers?
Shall not all our hopes, ascending,
Point us to a home above,
Where, in glory never ending,
He who made us smiles in love?

There no autumn-tempests gather:
There no mourners lament the dead!
And on fields that never wither
Fair flowers may be gathered red,
There, with fringed and white robes,
Angel wreaths for hoary gold,
And a song of triumph chanted
Round the throne of time untold.

We have met, and time is flying,
We must part, and this hour's gone,
Swiftly over the dead and dying,
Swiftly on to our long home!
Let us work while our hearts are lightest,
Let us work while early years,
Lest, from where our smile is brightest,
Age and care mark the land of tears.

Hence, amid life, around existence
Will its sorrows sting the breast,
Gathering in the onward distance,
Lest to wait mark the land of rest;
There, time's day-beams round them playing,
We our Father face shall see,
And, 'mid hear him, gently saying,
"Little children, come to me."

LITERARY.—The Messrs. Harpers, of New York, have just re-printed a new English novel, in 2 vols. containing each a distinct story, entitled severally the *False Step*, and *Two Sisters*. They are both tales of passion and suffering, worked up powerfully and skillfully, and are well written [illegible] tales.—The [illegible] extracts [illegible] and sentiment [illegible] excerpts, which show the character of the book with [illegible] an insight into the story.—the [illegible] are rather of a [illegible] character.—

"I begin to think I can partly guess a person's character from the books he best loves. The old proverb says, 'Tell me your company,' I say, 'Tell me your books' and I will find out what you are. And I have this weighty reason on my side, that we can choose the one, but the other is beyond our power. I accordingly make it with people. I do not at all like, but I am never guilty of reading a book I do not thoroughly love. Would we think this quite right—books are a real world.

"Of all charms, surely a sweetly modulated voice is the most attractive—that with which we soonest sympathize, and which we the most heartily admire. To me, a voice, when entirely good, indicates culture, refinement, delicacy, and goodness of heart. I have somewhere read that painters paint themselves—that is, stamp their own characters on their works. I think the people speak themselves. Never yet did I hear one hasty, nearly, whose voice did not become to me the herald of their character.

"Want of communication on what is in ourselves, makes a solitude of the heart as deep and desolate as a dungeon or a wilderness.

"The pride of the human mind can very ill endure the rejection of any overture of reconciliation. Whenever the offence, the humility of entreaty seems to him who makes the [illegible] more than sufficient to [illegible]

"When two people thoroughly understand each other, what [illegible] circumstances can give intensity [illegible] almost said an eternity, of happiness [illegible] continuity of bliss, at least it must be [illegible] as long as memory lasts."

"Stars do not cease to shine when clouds conceal them; and bliss [illegible] remembrance, must still be bliss, however dense the intervening atmosphere [illegible]

"It is in the monotony of secret grief that the danger chiefly lies. [illegible] sudden vexation or unsuspected injury [illegible] ance is ever so painful as [illegible] sameness—it always brings, whatever its nature, the soothing authority of change."

"To the sick in heart [illegible] who have raised the cup [illegible] their lips, and tasted but not [illegible] bitter draught within, a review [illegible] is as the night breeze to the [illegible] er, or a sunbeam to those that have sat in darkness."

"A sense of mercy & deliverance gives often a consciousness of the infinite, and enables poor human nature to rise above all that can affect it. Such emotions do not, cannot last; they are even frequently succeeded by that moral cowardice which shrinks from all suffering, and the weakness that weeps as if tears could wash away despair; but they leave behind them a mighty though latent power, to serve and save the heart which cherishes them."

"If in grief, or in any distress of mind we could survey our own position as others survey it for us, few of us would ever grieve immoderately or mourn intensely. We should perhaps part with what is most precious to us as callously as the Indian, who with his own hands can carry the dead body of his nearest relative to the river's side, and tearlessly and unmoved watch its progress down the stream. His consolation lies in what is left behind."

"But the bitterness of grief emanates from its unity, and its endurance (where it does endure) flows from the same source. In the fulness of its strength it overpowers us, and makes us feel that it is powerful and illimitable, and that we are weak and finite;—it excludes all other interests; deadens all other affections, and throws a pall alike over the future and the past. It alone is ever present, ever near us."

"The *waiting for death* must ever be mournful and appalling—the thoughts and feelings which were thronging round the hearts of the spectators, will not admit of description, or even definition."

ORNITHOLOGY.—The last number of Silliman's Journal, contains the following notice of a *Novelty Occasioned by the United States.*

"His introductory chapter, which consists of thirty closely printed pages, describes the anatomy of birds—their food, and the modes of obtaining it—their senses and instincts—vocal powers and skill in imitating sounds—the conjugal affection—hybrification and geographical limits, and is rich with instruction and interest to the general reader. We cannot refrain from quoting the opening remarks of this essay.

"Of all the classes of animals by which we are surrounded in the complete field of nature, there are none more remarkable in their appearance and habits than the feathered inhabitants of the air. They play around us like fairy spirits, elude approach in an element which excites our personal sort out of sight in the vacant sky, journey over our heads in marshalled ranks, like meteors in the sunshine of summer, or seeking the solitary recesses of the forest and the waters, they glide but to us like beings of fancy. They diversify the still landscape with the most lively motion and beautiful associations; they come and go with the change of the season, and as their actions are directed by an uncontrolable instinct of provident nature, they may be considered as concomitant with the beauty of the surrounding scene. With what grateful sensations do we involuntarily hail the arrival of these feathered messengers of spring and summer, after the long, severe, dreary winter, which compelled them to forsake us for more favored climes. Their songs now heard from the leafy groves and shady bowers, [illegible] delight of recollections of the passing past in every breast. How variable, how playful, how capricious, how [illegible] are their [illegible] these living sculptures of nature, when the air [illegible] the waters are almost [illegible] Their loves are spontaneous [illegible] and nature [illegible] their assistance [illegible] their [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Twenty-Second Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

IN SENATE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1832.

Mr. Robbins submitted a joint resolution for the execution of an equestrian statue, in bronze, of George Washington, to be placed in the square east of the Capitol. Several private bills were passed; among them the bill for the relief of the legal representatives of Col. John Laurens. The bill to recharter the Bank of the United States was taken up, and Mr. Dallas spoke about one hour in explanation of several modifications of the charter, proposed by the bill.

Mr. Benton enquired whether it was the intention of the Chairman to press this discussion, before documents, ordered to be printed by the other House, were laid on the tables. Mr. Dallas replied that he feel no disposition to proceed any further in the business until the documents referred to were furnished. At the suggestion of Mr. Webster and Mr. Grundy, it was informally determined to postpone the subject from day to day, till the documents were received, and in the mean time, to attend to Executive business.

Thursday, May 24.

On motion of Mr. Smith, took up the bill to authorize a subscription to the stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad; but, after a brief explanation it was, on motion of Mr. Mangum, laid on the table until there shall be a full Senate. Mr. Wilkins and Mr. Dickerson presented memorials from manufacturers and workers of leather in Philadelphia, praying that no reduction may be made in the duties on leather, or on articles manufactured therefrom, and protesting against the principles in the Treasury Report.—The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of Executive business, after which they adjourned.

Friday, May 25.

Mr. Dallas presented a memorial numerously signed, from manufacturers of glass in Philadelphia, and another from an extensive manufacturer of Slates in Pennsylvania, praying that so much of the Treasury Bill as reduces the duties on those articles may not pass into a law. Mr. Wilkins presented several petitions from the entire population of Washington County Pennsylvania against any reduction of the duty on wool. These petitions were laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Ruggles presented a petition from Ohio, praying for some legislation on the subject of the imprisoned missionaries, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Chambers laid on the table a resolution instructing the committee on the Judiciary to enquire what further laws were necessary to enforce the decisions of the Supreme Court. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill to modify and continue the act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States, when Mr. Webster [illegible] the House in favor of the Bank. Mr. Moore then expressed a wish [illegible] amendment to day; and on his motion the Senate adjourned.

Saturday, May 26.

The Bank Charter was further considered. An amendment by Mr. Moore, [illegible] and be established in a State without the consent of its Legislature, and to be liable to taxation like other institutions, was ordered printed. An amendment by Mr. Webster, striking [illegible] against establishing [illegible] in more State, [illegible] also by Mr. W[illegible] propo[illegible] hundred [illegible] three equal yearly [illegible] should pay annu[illegible] years, a sum of one [illegible] hundred dollars, was [illegible] and effort to [illegible] Mr. Webster [illegible] amendments, [illegible] printed. The first [illegible] the Bank three [illegible] the [illegible] directors [illegible] adjournment.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[illegible] the Committee of [illegible] on the [illegible] borne in mind by the house in the perusal of the report.

Mr. J. S. Barbour made a few remarks explanatory of his views and course in relation to the late report by the Committee on Manufactures.

Ten thousand copies of the Bill and Report were ordered to be printed.—The subject of the Tariff was made the special order of the day for next Monday. The Silk bill was rejected, 98 to 71, and the House adjourned.

Thursday, May 24.

On motion of Mr. Hubbard, the House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and took up the Revolutionary Pension Bill, from the Senate. Mr. H. observed, that he wished this bill to be passed with all its faults, as there was no likelihood of the bill which had previously passed this House being carried through the Senate this session. Whatever objections might be found to exist in it, could be obviated the next Congress. The House rejected several amendments that were offered.

A bill making appropriations for the improvement of harbors, on motion of Mr. Mercer, were successively gone through.

On the question for the third reading of the Pension bill, Mr. Williams, of N. C. having moved an amendment, to strike out six months and insert three, as the lowest term of service, in the bill, Mr. Doddridge, in order to cut off any amendments, called for the previous question, which was sustained, and the main question then put, ayes 91, noes 74; and the bill was then ordered to be read a third time on Thursday next, ayes 115, noes 53—after which the House adjourned.

Friday, May 25.

The Post Office Bill, as amended in the Senate was taken up, and amendments were concurred in. Some attempts to make further amendments failed, and the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.—The joint resolution from the Senate, to authorise the purchase of a stereotyped edition of 5000 copies of the Laws of the United States, at $2 50 per volume, after some debate was laid on the table, by a vote of 94 to 80.

The bill making appropriations for certain improvements in harbors and rivers was then resumed, and the question was stated to be, on concurring with the committee in the several amendments to the bill; but before any vote was taken, a motion for adjournment prevailed—yeas 79, nays 53.

Saturday, May 26.

Mr Root reported a resolution to amend the Constitution relative to choosing Vice President.

Mr. Slade concluded his speech on the Wiscasset case, which, by a call of the previous question, was finally referred to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The remainder of the day was occupied on private bills.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, MAY 28.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

The Packet ship North America, Capt. Macy, arrived yesterday, has brought our regular files of London and Liverpool papers to her day of sailing, May 1st.

The Cholera in Paris had somewhat abated. The total number of those who had fallen victims to that terrible destroyer in Paris, is variously stated from 22,000 to 30,000. A London paper of the 26th ult says, the progress of the Cholera at Paris continues to be the leading and almost the only topic of foreign intelligence. The official returns of deaths are said not to be relied upon, as they include only the cases within the walls, and exclude the vast population of the suburbs where the work of death has been going on to a fearful extent.—"By order of the Government, the funerals are conducted by night, and trenches instead of graves are dug for the reception of bodies, which are brought in cart loads to this melancholy place of sepulture. Such has been the mortality of late, that the Government has been obliged to employ the artillery horses for this service."

The deaths from Cholera in Paris, are said greatly to exceed in number those occasioned by the plague in London, making due allowance for the greater population of the former city.

M. Casimier Perier had suffered a relapse, and although his physicians were of opinion that he might recover, it would be a long time before he could return to business, and it was anticipated his place would be supplied by an approximent in the ministry.

The cholera in Greece is not confined to Corfu, it is represented as existing in the Departments to an alarming extent. Incendiaries are also at work, and fires, riots and tumults are things of almost daily occurrence. Under the head of the latest news from Paris, however, the 24th, we find it asserted that it begin to be universally admitted the violence of the Cholera was diminished, and homes began to be entertained that a stop would be put to its ravages.

In England, the Cholera is not yet [illegible], and in Ireland it is continuing its ravages. The official report [illegible] 19 new cases and 2 deaths. The total number of cases in London, up to April 28th, was 2542—deaths 1336.—In Dublin, on the 27th, 112 new cases were announced, and the deaths from the commencement of the disease, amount to 226. In Cork the disease is making frightful progress; 77 new cases were reported on the 26th, and 17 deaths, making, from the day on which it first broke out, 548 cases and 160 deaths.

Besides the intelligence respecting the Cholera, there is little news of interest brought by the last arrivals. The subject of the reform bill still engrossed a large share of public attention in England, and measures were taking to insure its final passage by the House of Lords. The London Courier of the 28th, in allusion to a large Reform meeting which had been held in Edinburg, says,—

"This gathering together without disorder—this congregating without tumult—these marshallings and processions—may be regarded as fearful rehearsals of the drama to be acted should the cherished object of the people's desire be snatched from their grasp. But we have no fears. We in common with the nation, feel the firm confidence that the "Bill" must pass. Our desire now is, that it pass quickly.

At this meeting, upwards of 60,000 persons were present.

Parliament was not in session, but stood adjourned to May 7th.

The Messenger des Chambres announced that intelligence from Rome had been brought to the French Government that a treaty had been concluded between the Papal Government and the French Minister, by virtue of which Ancona was to be evacuated by the French troops, simultaneously with the departure of the Austrians, but subsequently to the arrival of the Swiss, who could not reach their destination under several months.

It was reported that a new treaty for the final adjustment of the differences between Belgium and Holland was on the point of being signed. An act of hostility had been committed in Luxemburg. The Belgian Governor of the province of Luxemburg had been seized by a small party of men, carried to the fortress which is held by a Dutch garrison and there imprisoned. The Dutch Commandant had determined to hold him a prisoner until he should receive the commands of the King in relation to the case. This affair semed to threaten immediate hostility.

LONDON, APRIL 26.—A mail from Lisbon has come in this morning with letters of the 14th inst. Don Miguel's treasury was at a low ebb, and among the expedients suggested for replenishing it was that of a new loan under title of "Contribution of War;" but the Ministers were understood to be divided on the policy of the measure, and it was thought that it would not be brought forward. An English schooner, arrived in the Tagus from St. Michael's had brought intelligence that Don Pedro was shortly to be expected before Lisbon with a large army. The more prevalent impression there was that his enterprise would be successful.

SPAIN AND PORTUGAL.

PORTUGAL.—The private accounts from Lisbon of the 14th April are frightful. The arrests were still increasing, orders having been issued to apprehend any person who had not paid the forced loan, and direct him to a particular place of residence; about 100 eminent persons were in consequence in hiding places; when they were taken they were instantly sent to dungeons on the frontiers. About twenty Portuguese were nearly killed by the attendants of Don Miguel, his sacred Majesty having gone out in the evening, and not been recognized in due time.

SPAIN.—The latest advices from Madrid give reason to hope for speedy assurances of a satisfactory neutrality on the part of Spain in respect to the impending struggle in Portugal.

BY MAILS.

WASHINGTON, MAY 28.

INDIAN WAR.—The following extract from the office of the Cincinnati Gazette, furnishes bloody tidings. We have such confidence however, in Gen. Atkinson's resources as a soldier, that we do not doubt he will extricate himself victoriously from his perilous situation.

"The steamboat Herald, Capt Fleishman, in 74 hours from St. Louis—a most extraordinary quick passage—brings us a proclamation from the Governor of Illinois to the citizens of that state, from which it appears, that a bloody and successful attack has been made by the Indians upon a detachment of volunteers. We learn by a private letter, that fifty two of the volunteers were killed, among whom were Col. Crane, Col. Thomas, Major Morgan, and Capt. Bailey.

At the date of the last accounts, Gen. Atkinson, the Commander in Chief of the United States forces, was in a most perilous situation. He had sent out several expresses for supplies, and every man had been cut off. The keel boats sent with supplies above the Rapids had not been heard of, and it was supposed that they had been captured and their crews massacred. Intelligence so painful has not been anticipated.

For a further knowledge of the condition of our frontiers, the reader is referred to Governor Reynold's proclamation:

DIXON'S FERRY, ON ROCK RIVER.

To the Militia of the State of Illinois.—It becomes my duty again to call on you for your services in the defence of your country. The State is not only invaded by the hostile Indians, but many of your citizens, have been slain in battle. A detachment of the mounted volunteers commanded by major Stillman of about 275 in number, were overpowered by the hostile Indians on Sycamore creek distance from this place 20 miles, and a considerable number of them killed. This is an act of hostility which cannot be misconstrued.

I am of opinion that the Pottawatimies and Winnebagoes have joined the Sacs and Foxes, and all may be considered as waging war against the United States.

To subdue these Indians and drive them out of the State, it will require a force of at least two thousand mounted volunteers more, in addition to the troops already in the field.

I have made the necessary requisitions on the proper officers for the above number of mounted men, and have no doubt that citizen soldiers of the State will obey the call of their country. They will meet at Hennepin on the Illinois river, in companies of 50 men each on the 10th of June next, to be organized into a Brigade.

JOHN REYNOLDS,
Commander in Chief.

NEW-YORK MAY 29.

An incident occurred, says the National Intelligencer of Monday, in the Senate Chamber, on Saturday last, which perhaps deserves notice. Whilst the Senate was in session, a piece of iron, (part of horseshoe) was thrown from the gallery into the body of the Chamber, passing near the head of one or more Senators. The person who threw, hastily withdrew from the gallery, but was followed and apprehended by Mr. Shackford, the doorkeeper. After being detained a little while, he was released, as we understand, by the direction of the Vice President.

May 30.

FROM HAVANA.—The schooner Henry, Wallace, 8 days from Havana, has furnished the editor of the Baltimore American with a letter dated Havana, May 14th which says:—"The new Governor Ricafort is daily expected, and several vessels of war have gone out to escort him into this port. His advent is hailed with pleasure by all discreet men as a passage of a better system of police. Daring robberies are now of frequent occurrence, at mid-day, in our most public streets, and in most cases the perpetrators go undiscovered and unpunished.

"An order has been issued by the Captain General of the Island of Cuba, prohibiting the introduction of free persons of color. All vessels bringing such as passengers or otherwise, will be compelled to take them away, and not only to support *them*, but a guard also, during their stay in any of the ports of Cuba."

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.—A mercantile letter received in this city from New-Orleans, dated May 10, says, "A friend of mine, who has just arrived from Tampico, informs, that just before he left that place, an express arrived from Gen. St. Anna at Vera Cruz, with the news that Gen. Calderon, commander of the government troops before that place, finding himself, weakened by sickness and desertion, destitute of provisions and despairing of success in the siege, had held a council with his officers, the result of which was an agreement to join Santa Anna, and that the whole army had entered Vera Cruz.—If this is true, adds the writer of the letter, of which I have no doubt, then it is all over with Bustamente and his government.

NOMINATION FOR THE VICE PRESIDENT.—As was expected, the Baltimore Convention have nominated Mr Van Buren for the Vice Presidency. The whole number of votes was 283; of which M Van Buren had 208 P P Barbour 49, and R M. Johnson 26.—The States whose delegates voted for Mr. Barbour, are Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina.—For Col Johnson, Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois. Most of the delegates opposed to the nomination of Mr. Van Buren, afterwards withdrew their opposition. He is therefore fairly in the field as a candidate for Vice-President.

In addition to the various processes of leather dressing, the business of making shoes, is carried on to a great extent in this and the neighboring towns. In Lynn, alone, as we learn from the excellent town register lately published in that place, there are now sixty extensive manufactories. About 1800 men and as many women are employed in the business, and 1,700,000 pair of shoes are manufactured annually. The stock employed is estimated at $420,000, and the shoes are valued at $1,000,000.

Salem Gazette.

At Newport, N. H. on Friday, the ground was white with snow, which continued to fall, and the thermometer but four degrees above the freezing point. On the hills near Bellows Falls, the snow was said to be five or six inches deep.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,
SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 2.

TOWN-MEETING.

The Annual Meeting for the election of Town-Officers, will be held on TUESDAY NEXT.—In addition to the election of Town-Officers, three Commissioners of Asylum, School Committee, &c. no important Municipal business will occupy the attention of the Meeting.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, on the day last, the bill to repeal so much of the law relative to Brevet rank as authorizes the President to confer that rank on officers who have served ten years, was amended so as not to affect rights which have accrued, and ordered to a third reading. The Charter of the U. S. Bank was then taken up; the amendment authorizing Congress, at any time, to prohibit the Bank from issuing notes of a less denomination than $20, was agreed to; the other amendments, that no branch shall be established in any State, without the assent of the State, and the other rendering each branch liable to taxation by the several States, were considered and debated until the hour of adjournment.

In the House, Mr. McDuffie called the bill from the Committee of Ways and Means, to reduce and equalize the duties on imports,—and went into an extensive explanation of the views on which it was based; after speaking nearly two hours, without concluding his speech, he gave way to a motion for an adjournment, which was carried.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

By arrivals at New York, Latest Liverpool papers to May 1st have been received, containing Paris dates to the 24th of April; a summary of the news will be found under our foreign head.

In France, the Cholera is still making frightful havoc, although it has greatly subsided in the capital.

In England, the Cholera has very much abated.

The papers contain nothing interesting from the Continent.

YEARLY MEETING.—The Yearly Meeting of FRIENDS, in New-England, will commence at Portsmouth, (on Rhode Island) on Saturday Next, the 9th inst. and be held in this Town on the four succeeding days.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE.—On Monday last the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Providence, are to be inducted in due form of law.

THE TARIFF.—The following comparative statement will shew in what particulars the bill relating to the Tariff reported by the Committee of Manufactures differs from that prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Wool.—Mr. McLane proposes a duty of 5 per ct. ad. val. when the value at the place of exportation does not exceed 10 cts. per lb.—and on all costings more than 10 cts. an ad val duty of 20 per ct.—Wool on the skin to be estimated as other Wool.

Mr. Adams proposed that all Wool the cost of which does not exceed 7 cts. shall be duty free—that exceeding 7 cts. in cost, to be subject to a duty of 4 cts. per lb. and of 35 per ct. ad val.—Wool on the skin to be estimated as before.

Woollen Manufactures.—By Mr. McLane's bill, when the value does not exceed 50 cts per sq. yd. the duty is 60 per cent. ad val.—on worsted and worsted and woolen yarn 20 per ct. on mitts, gloves, bindings, blankets, hosiery, carpets and carpeting, 25 per ct. on flannels, baizes, and all other woollen manufactures 30 per. ct.—on clothing 50 per ct.

By that of Mr. Adams, when the value does not exceed 40 cts. per. sq. the duty is to be 5 per ct. ad val.—on worsted stuff goods, 10 per ct.—worsted yarn 20 per ct.—woollen yarn 25 per ct. ad val. and 4 cts per lb. On mitts gloves hosiery carpets and carpetings 25 per ct. ad val. with the following exceptions: Brussels 25 cts, per sq yd Ingrain 40, Venitian 22 1/2—blankets cost not exceeding 75 cts., 5 per ct. flannels baizes coach laces, 35 per ct. all other, and clothing, 50 per ct.

Manufactured Cotton—By Mr. McLane's bill the duty on these is to be 5 per ct. ad val; but those not dyed or printed, are to be valued at 30 cts. and if dyed or printed, at 35 cts. per sq yd.

On Nankeens brought directly from China, 20 per ct. ad. val.

By Mr. Adams's, the duty is to be 5 per ct. with the following exceptions: On cotton twist, yarn and thread, it is to remain as fixed by the tariff of 1828—those not dyed or printed, the cost of which does not exceed 30 cts. per sq yd are to be valued at 30 cts per sq yd and if dyed or printed at 35 cts. On Nankeens brought directly from China the duty is the same as above.

Floor Cloths.—The general duty proposed by both bills is the same, 43 cts per sq yd. On other kinds of flag matting, Mr. McLane proposes 30 per ct. Mr. Adams proposes on other oil-cloths,

2 cts., and on flag floor matting, the e duty as that of Mr. McLane.

Manufactured Hemp.—By Mr. Mc's bill, $50 per ton duty; by that Mr. Adams $35 per ton. By both, duty proposed on sail duck is 10 cts. sq. yd. and on cotton bagging, 3 1-2 per sq. yd.

Salt.—By Mr. McLane's bill, the duty cts. per 56 lbs.; by Mr. Adams's. s per 56 lbs. By the latter, fossil crude mineral salt are charged with ame duty as salt.

Glass.—The duty on window glass is ame in both bills, viz: not exceeding by 10, $3 per 100 sq. ft.—10 by 3, 50—Large $4. On cut glass the same—30 per ct.—By Mr. ne, Apothecaries, vials not exceeding z. $1 per gross; not exceeding $1, 25. By Mr. Adams, those to 16 oz $2.25, per gross; per vials, from 4 to 16 oz, $3,25—er articles of glass not specified, ct.

Manufactured Silk.—From beyond ape of Good Hope, by Mr. McLane's per ct.; by Mr. Adams's 30 per ct. all other, by Mr. McLane's 20 ad val.; by Mr. Adams's on silk manufactured, 18 per ct; on silk, 40 per ct.

Paper hangings, the duty proposed bills, is 40 per ct; on Leghorn chip, and grass hats and flats, ct; on porcelain, china, earthen e wares, 20 per ct; on all other enumerated in the 21st article, 12 per ct. by Mr. McLane's bill; ct. by Mr. Adams's.

the 5th to the 13th articles of section of both bills, including ies on Iron, the duties proposed both bill are the same: from 18th to inclusive, embracing duties on , Teas, and Slates, the same: 22d to 25th inclusive, the same.—section, embracing articles free is the same in both, excepting following articles, which in Mr. 's bill, are included in this section omitted in Mr. Adams's: sade lass in plates, blue vitriol, corublimate, maccaroni, tartar and Rochelle salts.

ars and syrups of sugar, the posed in both bills is the same: Adam's charges all expressed sugar with the same duty as ugar.—*Boston Daily Aver.*

N UNIVERSITY.—We learn from idence Journal that an effort is ing by the friends of the R. I. to raise a fund of $25,000, to hich the munificent patron of tution, Mr. Nicholas Brown, ed of $1[illegible],000. In addition to al act, Mr. Brown is about to his own expense, another College for Library and Lecture Chapel, &c. It is to be built of hree stories high, 86 feet long, wide, upon a plan made by Mr. Warren, the Architect of the ldence Arcade. The work has commenced.

CHOLERA IN HAVRE.—The London papers of late date, and private letters received in New-York, communicate the melancholy intelligence that the cholera had broken out at Havre, where, it had not previously appeared. It had attacked a large number of German and Swiss emigrants from the Rhine, who were on their way to this country. The propriety of rigidly enforcing quarantine regulations must be obvious; no matter what the speculative merits of the question of the contagion or non-contagion of the. The number of cases on the 1st April, is stated in one account to have been eight.

NORTHERN FRESHET.—We learn from the Bath Inquirer, that two saw mills have been carried away by the freshet at Brunswick, Me. Little river has been carried away, and South Bridge considerably injured; the Androscoggin at Lisbon. ns at Brunswick, which are ntain fifty thousand logs, remain A large quantity of lumber has the Kennebeck, most of which stopped and secured at Bath. was done at Bath, as the bays ls are so broad and numerfreshets do not raise the water a few inches.

We feel shame, says the Philadelphia Gazette of Tuesday last, on ount of our community, in mentioning the scenes in Market street, day, when the stock of the Western was to be taken, resembled three days at the Masonic Hall. ity of gain is both hateful and le in itself; if the passion ulled, means may at least be preventing so indecent, dis and injurious a manifestation er.

A bill is now before the British House Commons, which provides that lumber provisions may be imported into of Barbadoes, St. Vincent, St. Lucia, duty free, from the pas of the act until the 1st of January, 33. A copy of this bill has been received at the Department of State, with ormation from an authentic source, ed 14th A. that it would probably into a law.—*Wash. Globe.*

Fracas at Washington.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser states, that on Friday last, on the meeting of the House of Representatives, Mr. Plummer of Mississippi, attended by a body of his friends, stopped Mr. Slade of Vermont, who was about to enter, and spit in his face, grasping at the same time a dirk, and having pistols in his pockets. The reason assigned for this attack was, that Mr. Slade in a speech relating to the charges against the Wiscasset Collector, had made some remarks offensive to Mr. Plummer, of which no notice was taken at the time, and which did not at all attract the attention of the House.

A young American by the name of Walmsley recently died in Mexico, and on his death bed directed the sum of $10,000 to be divided equally between the American Bible, Tract Sunday School and Home Missionary Societies, and the American Board of Foreign Missions. The amount has been duly remitted to this country. Mr. Walmsley was formerly a citizen of New York and much esteemed by all who knew him.

FIRE.—A fire occurred on Tuesday night between 11 and 12 o'clock, at the corner of Broadway and Chambers street, New-York, in the store of John J. Aymar, which, before it was extinguished, consumed nearly his whole stock of goods, valued at $15,000. The fire is supposed to have originated from the gas in rear of the front window.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—*Monday May 28*
(Reported for the Boston Advertiser & Patriot)

At Market this day, 225 Beef Cattle, 11 pairs Working Oxen, 16 Cows and Calves, 35 Sheep and 550 Swine. 14 Beef Cattle remained unsold at the close of the market.

PRICES.—*Beef Cattle*—Last week's prices on the best qualities were well supported—perhaps a little better prices were obtained but on the thinner qualities (of which there was a large proportion) a depreciation. We quote extra at $7 a 7 25; prime at $6 50a 6 75; good at $6; and thin at $5 a $5 75.

Working Oxen—We noticed one sale at $68, and one at $75.

Cows and Calves—Sales were effected at $23, 28 and 30—two were sold for $45, and two (without calves) for 29.

Sheep.—Those at market were sheared, and were taken at $3 each.

Swine—Former prices were well supported but sales not so brisk. We noticed several lots taken at 5c for sows, and 6c. for barrows—at retail 6c for sows, and 7c, for barrows.

(From the Boston Courier.)

Prices of WOOL at Boston, May 28.—Prime, or Saxony Fleeces, 60 a 70 cents per lb.; American full blood washed wool, 50 to 55 cts.; do 3-4 do. 46 to 48; 1-2 do. 42 to 44; 1-4 do 37 to 40; superfine pulled lambs, 53 to 60; 1st sort, 50 to 55. 2d do. 38 to 42; 3d do. 28 to 32; spinning 1st sort, 40 to 50 cts. per lb.

METEOROLOGICAL DIARY, N. Y. 1832.

May.	Therm. A. M.	Therm. P. M.	Therm. P. M.	Winds.	Appearances of the Weather.
1	42	56	45	E SW NW	Cloudy day clear even.
2	40	58	42	NW SSW	Clear all day
3	43	58	56	SW	Cloudy all day
4	48	60	52	SE S S	Cloudy, foggy & rain
5	50	54	43	SW NE	Foggy, cloudy, rain
6	40	52	49	NBE SE	Clear and pleasant
7	33	50	44	SE	Clear and pleasant
8	44	60	50	SE SSE S	Clear and blustering
9	52	61	48	SW	Showers, cloudy, clear
10	44	63	45	NW NE-E	Clear and pleasant
11	45	58	44	NE SE	Clear and pleasant
12	40	55	55	SW	Clear and blustering
13	50	67	52	SW	Clear and pleasant
14	50	68	52	SW	Generally clear
15	53	65	56	SW SE	Cloudy A.M Rain P.M.
16	46	65	53	SW	Foggy A.M Rain P.M.
17	45	66	52	NW SW	Clear and pleasant
18	52	55	50	SW SE	Generally cloudy all day
19	50	56	[illegible]	SE	Cloudy with some rain
20	46	55	[illegible]	SSE N	Rain all day.
21	45	65	50	NW WSW	Blustering & flying clouds
22	45	55	46	W SW NE	Cloudy and blustering
23	44	55	44	NE SE	Cloudy day & evening
24	42	44	39	E NE	Heavy Rain Storm
25	37	48	44	N NW SW	Rain, with flakes snow
26	[illegible]		[illegible]	SW NW	Cloudy, clear rain ev'g
27	[illegible]		[illegible]	NE NNE	Drizzly day and even'g
28	[illegible]		[illegible]	NW SW	Generally cloudy
29	[illegible]			SW	Clear and pleasant
30	[illegible]		45	S NW NE	Cloudy, rain, clear.
31	50	55	45	ENE NE	Heavy Rain Storm.

Mean average for the Month, the coldest in 15 years,	50°. 56
Mean do of May, 1831,	56°. 86
Mean do. of May, 1822, which was the warmest in the last 12 years.	56°. 67
Mean do. of May, for last 12 years,	56°. 16
Mean do. of 3 Spring months this year,	42°. 53
Mean do. " " " last year,	48°. 01
Mean do. of cold Spring of 1817,	42°. 73
Mean do. of 3 spring months of 1822, the warmest spring in 12 years,	48°. 66

REMARKS.—By the above observations it will be seen, that this Month has been the coldest May of which we have any record, or that is remembered by our oldest citizens.—Even the cold May of 1817, was more than 2 deg. warmer than this month; which has not only been uncommonly cold, but wet and stormy, 10 days of the 31 being only fair, the other 21 days being cloudy, foggy or rainy.—The mean average of the month is above 6 deg. colder than May of last year, and more than 9 deg. colder than May 1822, the warmest in last 12 years; the mean average of May for same period, is nearly 6 deg. warmer than this month; and the average of the 3 spring month this year has been ever lower by a 1-4 deg. than the very cold Spring of 1817. The mean average of 3 spring months last year, is nearly 6 deg. warmer than this year, as is also that of 1822.

Vegetation of every kind is generally from 3 to 4 weeks later than is usual at this season, and fears are entertained of very small crops of every essential article, particularly [illegible]. The heavy rains, however, seem to [illegible] about last year's grass, whatever may be the result of other crops.

DR. HOWE.—We have seen a letter from Dr. S. G. Howe to his brother in this city, dated London, April 28. It makes no mention of the time or mode of his liberation from the Berlin Prison, from which we infer that he has written other letters since his release, which have not been yet received.—*Boston Adver.*

A hurricane was experienced in Tennesse on the 7th inst. A Methodist meeting house, several dwelling houses kitchens, stables, fences trees, &c. were blown down. The roof of a new court house was blown off while a carpenter was at work in the upper story of the building. He sprang from the window and was badly hurt.

THEATRE.—The Theatre was opened on Monday last, by as respectable a Company of Performers, as have visited us for many years.—Messrs. Flynn, Phillips, and Judah, are highly appreciated by the friends of the drama; and the performances of Mrs. Flynn, Mrs. Wallace, &c. are also very highly spoken of.—The great exertions of the Managers to gratify our Citizens and Strangers, will we doubt not, be duly estimated by every friend of the Drama, and be liberally patronized.

MARRIED,

At New-Bedford on the 20th ult. Mr. Joseph C. Tew of this town, to Miss Sarah A. Hathaway, daughter of Mr. Ezra Hathaway, of New-Bedford.

DIED,

In this Town on Monday last, suddenly, Mr. Thomas Clarke, in the 84th year of his age.

On Tuesday morning, Mrs. Mary Fry, widow of Capt. Thomas Fry, aged 71 years.

At Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 17th ult. Mr. Samuel P. Moore, son of Col. Henry Moore of this town, in the 26th year of his age.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1832. JUNE.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water	Moon sets.
2 Saturday,	4 34	7 26	11 21	11 16
3 Sunday,	4 33	7 27	aft. 17	11 57
4 Monday,	4 32	7 28	1 11	morn.
5 Tuesday,	4 32	7 28	2 2	0 35
6 Wednesday,	4 32	7 28	2 49	1 7
7 Thursday,	4 31	7 29	3 34	1 36
8 Friday,	4 31	7 29	4 20	2 3

Moon's First Quarter 5th day, 10h. 14m. morn.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT,

ARRIVED,

Sunday, May 27.—Schr Maine, Crowley, 6 days from Baltimore for Providence.

Schr Boston, Nickerson, from Providence for Baltimore.

Sloops Albany, Ash, from New-York; Huntress from do. for Providence; New-York, Pitman, from do. for Fall-River.

Sloop Mary Burt, from Berkley for North-Carolina.

Tuesday, May 29.—Schr Delight-in-Peace, Nickerson, 4 days from Boston.

Schr Columbus, Barlow, from Kingston, N. Y. for Providence.

Schr Trader, Smith, from Fall River for Norfolk.

Sloop Charles, Spelman, from Albany.

Thursday, May 31.—Schr Crown, Baker, 3 days from Boston.

Schr Content, Nickerson, from Providence for Balti.

Schr Ann Maria, Brightman, from Fall River for Sydney, N. S.

Sloop Diamond, Lovell, 3 days from New-York for Boston.

Sloop B D Jones, West, from Providence for New-Bedford.

CLEARED,

Schr Crown, Baker, Providence

" Delight-in-Peace, Nickerson, do.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

At Charleston 23d ult. Schr Agnes, Swasey, 2 days from St. Augustine.—Brig Sea-Bird, Carr, 6 days from Matanzas.

At New-Orleans May 14th, Brig Charles Joseph, Congdon, from Havre.

Brig Benj Ruggles, Waite, for Mobile, sailed from Marseilles, 27th of March.

Brig Ann Gardeden, Northam, 3 days from New-York for Havana, was spoken 21st ult. lat. 37, long. 73.

Brig Mary Ann, Norris, 2 days from this port for Havana was spoken in lat. 38, long. 72.

Arrived at Providence on Wednesday, Brig Agenoria, Cady, from Havana; sailed 14th ult. in co. with ship Mount-Hope, Greene, of this port, for Matanzas, and saw her next day off the Pan.—Left brig William, Boss, for Bahia Honda to load for this port.

Ship Mary Almy, Burroughs, from Savannah for Amsterdam, was set on fire, off Hastings, April 22d, (by lightning) and lost 60 bales of cotton, spars, &c.—The Mary Almy was off Fairlogh the 23d.

Brig Cameo, Sayer, from Bremen, put into Cowes April 23d, having come in contact with a vessel.

Schr Jane, Marshall, for Havana, sailed from Savannah the 20th ult.

At Edgarton 24th ult. ship Washington, Swain, from Pacific Ocean, with 1600 bbls. oil.

To House-Carpenter's and Masons.

PROPOSALS will be received by the Committee, for Building a House of Worship, for the First Congregational Society of this Town, at the House of Mr. NATHAN B. HAMMETT, where the Plan and draughts may be examined by those disposed to Contract for the same.

WM. VERNON,
per order of the Committee.

Newport, June 2.

TO LET,

THE HOUSE next South of Capt. Stephen T. Northam's, and lately occupied by Major Lomax.—Enq[illegible] AMORY, Esq.

Newport, June 2.

Theatre,—Newport.

THE Managers respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport, and its Vicinity, that on

MONDAY EVENING, June 4th, 1832,

Will be presented, OTWAY'S celebrated Tragedy of

VENICE PRESERVED,

OR, THE PLOT DISCOVERED.

The Cast comprising the whole strength of the Company.

After the Tragedy, a Favorite Dance, by Mrs. Wallace.

A Comic Song, by Mr. Kelley.

To conclude with the Laughable Farce of

The Spectre Bridegroom,

OR, A GHOST IN SPITE OF HIMSELF.

☞ Nights of Performance, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings.

Doors opened at 7, and Performances to commence at a quarter before 8 o'clock.

Boxes 75 Cents, Pit 37 1-2, Gallery 25 cts.

☞ **A CARD.**

F. C. SCHAFFER,

TAKES this opportunity to tender his grateful acknowledgements to the Citizens of Newport for the very liberal patronage that has been bestowed upon him for years past, and announces to them that his Academy will open for the instruction of Young Ladies, Masters and Misses, in the accomplishment of DANCING, at the Masonic Hall, on Monday Next, June 4th, where he hopes by strict attention to his profession, and by his assiduous exertions to please, to merit a continuance of that patronage and favor which he has so universally received, and which it will be his highest aim to merit and retain.

A handsome style of Dancing, and a variety of the newest and most fashionable Cotillions, Waltzes, fancy Dancing, &c. will be taught, and particular attention will be paid to improving the manners and demeanor of those entrusted to his care.

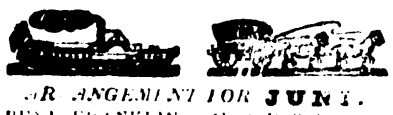
☞ Terms for tuition $6 per quarter, (24 lessons in a quarter, 2 per week.)

☞ Days of tuition. Monday and Tuesday afternoons, from 4 to 7 o'clock for Young Ladies and Masters, and from half past 7 o'clock till 10, for young gentlemen.

Newport, June 2.

RHODE-ISLAND & NEW-YORK
STEAM-BOAT LINE.

FARE $7 FROM NEWPORT, Meals included.



ARRANGEMENT FOR JUNE.

BENJ FRANKLIN, Capt. E. S. BUNKER
PRESIDENT, R. S. TUNKER
BOSTON, WM. COMSTOCK

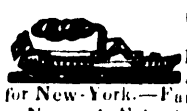
THE Benjamin Franklin, or President, will leave New-York at 4 o'clock P. M. and Providence at 12 o'clock M. every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.—And the Boston will leave New-York every Tuesday, and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M. and leave Providence every Thursday at 12 o'clock M. and every Sunday at 4 o'clock P. M.

These splendid Steam-Packets are each propelled by two separate low pressure engines, and heavy copper boilers.

The Boats will stop at the head of the Long-Wharf, going and returning, to receive and land Passengers.

Newport, June 1, 1832.

Steam-Boat BOSTON.



THE Steam-Boat BOSTON, will leave here To-morrow Afternoon, at 6 o'clock, for New-York.—Fare $7, meals included

Newport, Saturday, June 2.

Steam-boat RUSHLIGHT

THE Steam-Boat RUSHLIGHT, has commenced her regular trips to, and from Providence,—leaving Providence every week day, at 8 o'clock A. M. and Newport at 3 P. M.—On Sundays, leaves Providence at 7 o'clock A. M. and Newport at 4 P. M.—☞ Fare 75 Cents.

May 26, 1832.

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of first quality Virginia HAMS, just landed from Sch'r Babcock.—Apply to

JOHN D. NORTHAM.

Also for Sale, A Crane Chain, with the apparatus, of about 15 fathoms in length.

Newport, June 2.

NOTICE,

PUBLIC Notice was given in open Town Meeting in this town on the 16th inst, that no person would thereafter be permitted to pass or repass what is called the Dyer Farm, now improved by the subscriber without special permission of Wm. R. Rodman, proprietor of said farm. The public generally, are again warned against a violation of that notice, and are hereby informed that every person who shall hereafter attempt to pass or repass said premises without permission from the owner thereof, will be prosecuted for a tre-pass. GARDNER SMITH,

Agent for Wm. R. Rodman.

Newport, May 26, 1832.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES MUMFORD,

No. 90 1-2, Thames-Street.

HAS just received a general Assortment of the most fashionable Goods from New-York, and they are very Cheap.

AMONG THEM ARE—

Rowen Cassimeres; Emmets [illegible] Broadcloths, [illegible] circassians, [illegible] Satin, [illegible] Black Italian silk, green gauze [illegible] India shawls; berage and [illegible] Ladies, gingham Gamboroons; [illegible] bottom towels, most fashionable [illegible] very cheap; linen and cotton sheetings, fancy ticks, do very low, [illegible] jean, fustian, [illegible] Marseilles quilts at 50 cts., and a good assortment of Domestic, bleached and unbleached sheetings, &c. &c.

Newport, June 2.

Connecticut Lottery cla. 18

DRAWS THIS DAY.

$10,000 Highest Prize.

10 Prizes of $1000.

Tickets $1—Parts in proportion.

Conn. Lottery ex. No. 15

DRAWS ON TUESDAY.

$8,000 Highest Prize.

Tickets $1. Parts in proportion.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,
Apply at the Old Trade Fortunate Office

J. C. SHAW.

☞ I regret to say, that in Connec. Lottery class 17, I declared on Monday last, comb. 3 26 46 which drew a prize of **$3 600**. One Quarter Ticket, comb. 3 22 37 in Class 16, a Prize of $10.—I hope the next good Prize will remain in Newport.

J. C. SHAW.

Newport, June 2.

Connect. Lottery, class 18

DRAWS THIS DAY.

$10,000 Highest Prize

10 Prizes of $1000.

Tickets $1.—Parts in proportion.

Con. Lottery, extra, No. 15

DRAWS ON TUESDAY.

$8,000 Highest Prize.

Tickets $1—Parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.

May be had at the Lottery Office of

C. R. CAHOONE.

Newport, June 2.

LIST of Combination Numbers, drawn in R. I. Literature Lottery, class 17.

48 59 15 31 4 24 30 16 57

Grand State Lottery, class 18.

34 10 22 4 26 29 37 54 18

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having relinquished the LOTTERY BUSINESS, requests all those indebted to him, to call at the Office of CHRIS. R. CAHOONE, and settle their respective Accounts without delay.—*This is indispensable, as all my Lottery concerns must now be closed.*

STEPHEN CAHOONE.

Newport, May 26.

THE Undersigned requests the Editors of the Newport Mercury to publish the following:—That in 1829, that he called on the Assessors of the Town of Newport, and made oath that he had no personal property except a small Life Annuity, which he had purchased after thirty years of hard labour, and barely sufficient to support his family;—Notwithstanding which, they taxed him for $1000 personal property, and in 1830 & '31, for $[illegible]000. On the 26th inst. he called on the Revenue Committee, and stated to them his inability to pay; that besides his own family, he had one [illegible] woman 57 years of age, to take care of, who [illegible] town aught to have supported years ago.—Notwithstanding which, the Committee, viz. Wm. W. Freeborn, George Hall, Jesse Stevens, and George Rowen, gave orders to the Collector, if I did not pay, to commit me to Jail. *I was accordingly committed on the 31st ult.*—A man 70 years of age, and living in Newport 40 years, and ten of which being [illegible] the amount of $1000000, employing more than any other person except [illegible], and paid into the Revenue of the [illegible] $[illegible] when can be [illegible] the Custom House books.—In 1830 [illegible] General Assembly [illegible] $100000 and of its [illegible] the Revenue Act without a [illegible] At that time I owed in Newport $4[illegible] which I have paid every cent, principal and interest, and there is not a man in town that can call on me for a cent of any debt [illegible].

JACOB SMITH.

Newport, June 1, 1832.

Administrators Notice.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the Town of Middletown, Administrators on the Estate of

GIDEON ANTHONY,

late of said Middletown, deceased, and having given bond according to law: Notice is hereby given to all persons having demands against the estate of said deceased, to present the same for settlement, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

THEIRS ANTHONY,
JOSHUA ANTHONY, } Adm'rs.

Middletown, May 29, 1832.

OIL & CANDLES.

300 Lbs. Spring strained Sperm OIL,
100 Boxes mould tallow CANDLES,
110 do dipped do. do.

For Sale by

JOSHUA SAYER.

Newport, May 19.

ATKINSON'S CASKET;
OR GEMS OF
LITERATURE, WIT & SENTIMENT.
A MONTHLY PERIODICAL.

EACH Number contains 48 royal octavo pages of letter press, embellished with at least one copperplate and several wood engravings and one or more pieces of Music.—The work forms at the end of the year a Volume of about 600 pages, to which an elegant engraved title page and a general index are added.

The constantly increasing patronage bestowed on the CASKET, has enabled the publisher to make considerable improvements in the work. Its typographical appearance is much changed for the better, and the contents are much enriched.—He believes that the volume now publishing will not be exceeded in respect to typographical execution, the quantity and quality of the engravings, and the value of the contents, by any other periodical; and he safely asserts it to be the cheapest publication of the kind in the country.

In respect to the Embellishments which appear in the work, the publisher believes that no other periodical has such a profusion of elegant and expensive engravings. Executed in general by the first artists of the city, they will suffer nothing by comparison. These form a considerable item in the expense of the work, and in one year exceed the whole cost of purchasing some periodicals, for the same length of time, the subscription price of which is no less than the CASKET. The subjects of the Engravings will continue to be as heretofore—Portraits of distinguished characters; plates of the Newest Fashions, both in Europe and America; Views of American Scenery, particularly striking and interesting; Natural History; Embroidery; Foreign and Domestic Architecture; Botanical Plants, and whatever other subjects may be deemed calculated to instruct, interest and amuse.

Each number of the CASKET contains at least one piece of Music, which is selected and arranged expressly for the work.

Notwithstanding the many extra expenditures and the heavy expense of the fine engravings, given monthly, it is not the intention of the publisher to increase the price of the CASKET. When paid in advance, it will be furnished for twelve months for $2 50; or for $3 00 if not until the end of the year.

SAMUEL C. ATKINSON, Publisher.

Philadelphia, April 7, 1832.

☞ Subscriptions for the CASKET will be received at this Office, and forwarded immediately to the Publisher.

April 14, 1832.

ATKINSON'S
Saturday Evening POST,
A POPULAR FAMILY NEWSPAPER.
THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE UNION.
Published every Saturday, at PHILADELPHIA.
Terms,—Two Dollars per Annum.

THIS Paper is of the largest extra imperial class, and contains more reading matter than any literary or miscellaneous paper in the Union. It enjoys peculiar advantages in being entirely disconnected with any other weekly or daily periodical, as its contents are written, selected and prepared, under the sole controul of the editor and publisher. The plan embraces in this publication includes

1. Original and carefully selected articles on all LITERARY SUBJECTS. Upon this department the chief attention is bestowed. The extensive correspondence enjoyed by the editor enables him to present contributions from native writers in every paper.

2. Sketches of History, Biography, Moral Essays, Notices of Sciences and Arts, and Agriculture, with a view to furnished with a view of adding to [illegible] in his researches; the mechanic in his business; the farmer in tilling his soil; and to all a pleasant and useful instruction to [illegible] hour.

3. The Editorial Department embraces notices of the occurrences of the times, deserving of comment; short reviews of new publications; essays and selections; occasional glances at the political affairs of the country; and suggestions and remarks on all matters within the sphere of a public journal.

4. The most interesting cases before the City Police, are carefully reported, as well as extracts and notices of the prominent trials in [illegible] Courts.

5. A series of Engravings, representing popular specimens of American and European architecture, views of American scenery, bridges, [illegible] &c. are to be elegantly published, accompanied by appropriate descriptions.

6. The News of the Day, carefully selected and condensed from exchange papers from all parts of the Union, forms a prominent and important department of this paper.

7. Miscellaneous matter is paid to Light Reading, Choice Poetry, Anecdotes, Witticisms, &c. [illegible] department is embellished with a variety [illegible] engravings, engraved at a great expense [illegible] this Paper.

☞ Subscriptions for the SATURDAY EVENING POST, will be received at this office, and forwarded to the Publisher.

April 14, 1832.

W[illegible] having been appointed [illegible] Court of Probate for the [illegible] to receive [illegible] of the creditors against

THOMAS GRAY,

late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, [illegible] months from the date hereof for receiving said claims, we will [illegible] meeting at the [illegible] on [illegible] at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN COGGESHALL, RICHARD CRANDAL, GEORGE N. ALLEN, } Commiss'rs

Estate, are requested to [illegible] immediate payment to

JOHN COGGESHALL, Adm'r.

Tiverton, April 14, 1832.

TO LET.

THE Dwelling House and [illegible] adjoining, [illegible] occupied by Mr. [illegible] given [illegible] further [illegible]

[illegible] NORTHAM.

Newport, [illegible] 1832.

New Spring Goods.
EDWARD F. NEWTON,
Will Open This Day,

24 CASES, comprising a rich and extensive Assortment of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS.

AMONG THEM ARE:—

Elegant English Prints, new style; French Muslins and Ginghams; super Matteoni Italian, Lusterino, Gro de Naples; Berlin and Swiss Silks; col'd cheap Silks and Pongees—Extra bonnett and cap Ribbons; double Beltings; fancy Hdkfs. a great variety; Merino Shawls and Thybet Hdkfs.; bobbinett, thread laces and edgings.—Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings; 5 bales brown and bleached Sheetings & Shirtings;—With a great Variety of Goods usually called for in the Dry Good line, which will be sold at reduced prices.—Purchasers will do well to call!

Newport, Saturday, April 14.

N. SWEET,
Cheapside, Thames-Street.

HAS just Received from the new Importations into Boston and New-York, a Splendid Assortment of

20 Packages DRY GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE:—

Super super French black and blue Broadcloths; English Cassimeres; Woollenetts and Sattinetts; flannels, blankets, kerseys; 50 pieces Calicoes, beautiful patterns, good cloth, french figures, for only 14 cents per yard; a splendid assortment of Prints; mourning Prints and Ginghams; French Muslins, Palwareens, Baiste and Catapaleys.

ELEGANT FLOOR CARPETINGS AND RUGS new style and patterns.

60 Barage Hdkfs for only 1s. each; handsome Bedspreads for $1 each; linen diaper for 9d.; 8-4 Damask for 5s; Merino long and square Shawls; tybot raw silk do.—Diamond Boxford, and plain STRAW BONNETS; Satin straw do.; plaid ginghams, stripes, chex, &c.—With a general Assortment of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention.

His Old Customers and the Public are invited to give him a call before they purchase as it will be much to their advantage.

Newport, April 21.

VERY CHEAP for CASH

THE Subscribers, have a Quantity of SHOES, of various kinds and sizes, which can be purchased at COST and LESS, by an early application.—They continue to manufacture, at the old stand, Ladies and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, of every description, and will warrant them to be of the best materials and workmanship.

Sign of the BIG BOOT, 100 *Thames-st.*
DAVIS & POTTER.

Newport, April 7

Assignees's Notice

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons indebted to JAMES V. TURNER, of Portsmouth, Physician, either by Note or Book Account, to make immediate payment to GARDNER THOMAS, Assignee to said Turner.—All persons having demands against said Turner, either by Note or Book Account, (except such Notes as have been given by the said James V. Turner before the date of an Assignment made to Augustus Green and William G. Bowen, both of East-Greenwich, in the County of Kent, bearing date August 1827, or in renewal of said notes, and the judgments and executions that have been obtained against him upon such demands since the date of the said Assignment) are requested to exhibit and prove their Claims within 30 days from this date.—All Creditors who do not exhibit and prove their claims within said time, will be debarred of a dividend out of said Estate.

GARDNER THOMAS, *Assignee.*

Portsmouth, March 14, 1832.

Assignee's Notice.

AT the March Term, 1832, of the Supreme Judicial Court holden at Newport, the Subscriber was appointed by said Court Assignee on the estate of **JOHN GRAY,** of Tiverton in said County.—And Six months from this date being allowed by said Court for the Creditors of said Gray to exhibit and prove their claims, they are therefore notified, that unless they prove the claims within the time aforesaid they will be excluded from any Dividend from said Estate.—All Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

JERAH WALL, *Assignee.*

Tiverton, March 22, 1832.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, Guardian over the Persons and Estates of William H. Peckham, Ann Peckham, Sarah R. Peckham, Paul W. Peckham, and Caressa Peckham, Children of William Peckham, late of Newport, dec'd., minors under the age of 21 years.—All Persons will take due notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

NANCY PECKHAM, *Guardian.*

Newport, May 8, 1832.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

WE the subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of

ELIZABETH BROWNELL, alias BROCON,

late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent, [illegible] months from the date hereof for receiving said claims, we will [illegible] places of abode for [illegible] said time during said period.

PETER ALMY,
SAMUEL SHERMAN,
RICHARD SHERMAN, jun. } *Commiss'rs*

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

THOMAS COGGY, jun. *Adm'r.*

Portsmouth, April 9, 1832

SPRING GOODS.
JOHN F. TOWNSEND,
Has just received,

A GOOD SUPPLY of New and fashionable **Spring Goods**, which will be Sold VERY CHEAP.

Newport, April 21.

NEW HAT STORE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they have Opened a Store, No. 135, Thames-Street, (next north of the Office of the Newport Mercury) where they offer for Sale, a large Assortment of **HATS,** comprising all Kinds, which for cheapness, elegance and durability, are not surpassed in New-York or elsewhere.—Public patronage is solicited.

☞ **Hats** made to order, at the shortest notice.

JOSEPH B. WEAVER,
JOHN G. WEAVER.

Newport, April 21.

SHOE-STORE,
139, *THAMES-STREET.*
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BOOT!

READ & BURDICK,
Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public,

THAT they have just received a fresh supply of BOOTS & SHOES, in addition to their former Stock, making their assortment complete.—Also on hand, calf, kid and binding skins—thread, nails, superior blackings, &c.—all of which they offer for sale as low as can be purchased in town

All kinds of Boots and Shoes manufactured to order, of good materials and workmanship—particular attention paid to repairing—all past favors gratefully acknowledged, and a continuance earnestly solicited.

Newport, May 5.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Newport, May 7, 1832

WHEREAS application has this day been made for Letters of Administration, (with the Will annexed,) on the Estate of JONATHAN SOUTHWICK, late of said Newport, deceased.—It is therefore ordered by said Court, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday of June next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order,*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, May 7, 1832.

WHEREAS application has this day been made for Administration on the Estate of Capt. BENJAMIN JAMES, late of Newport, deceased.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday in June next, at 9 o'clock A. M.—And that a Copy of this Order be published three several weeks in the Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order,*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, May 7, 1832.

WHEREAS the Administration Account on the Estate of ANDREW V. ALLEN late of Newport, Merchant, deceased, was this day presented for examination, and for allowance.—It is therefore ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House in Newport on the 1st Monday of June next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place and be heard. *By Order*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, May 7, 1832

WHEREAS the Administration Account on the Estate of SAMUEL BARKER late of Newport, dec. was this day presented to this Court, for examination and allowance.—It is Ordered, That the consideration thereof, be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday of June next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and also that previous notice be given (by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place.

By Order,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Tiverton, May 7, 1832

WHEREAS the 2d Administration Account on the Estate of WILLIAM WHITRIDGE, late of Tiverton, Physician, dec. was this day presented for examination & allowance.—It is ordered That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Inn of Capt. George Lawton in Tiverton, on the first Monday of June next at 10 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this Order three successive weeks in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested to appear at said time and place if they see fit, and be heard. *A True Copy; By Order*

ASA GRAY, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, May 14th,

WHEREAS the Commissioners Report of Claims, and the Administrator's Account on the Estate of CHARLES SLOCUM, late of Portsmouth, dec. was this day presented for examination, and for allowance.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Inn of O. D. Greene, in Portsmouth, on the 2d Monday of June next, at One o'clock P. M. And also that previous notice be given (by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place. *By Order,*

RICHARD SHERMAN, jun. *Probate Clerk.*

NEW GOODS.
Wm. J. Tilley,
WILL OPEN THIS DAY.

MORE of those French black Lustrings and Black Gros de Naples Silks, which are so very Cheap.—*ALSO*, Two Cases Men's and Boys HATS, at very low prices—with a variety of CAPS.

ALSO, Two Cases of *PAPER-HANGINGS*, quite handsome, for 22 cents the Roll,—One Case STRAW BONNETTS, of handsome patterns.

Newport, April 28.

Seabury & Tennant,
Inform their Friends, and the Public,

THAT they continue at their EVERY Establishment in Greene-street, (next south of Pelham-street) to wait on all those who will favor them with their custom.—Carriages always are kept in readiness for long or short journeys, and Coaches daily attend the Steam-boats.—Coaches, Chariotees, Chaises, and Saddle horses for Parties of Pleasure, can be furnished at any moment.—They hope by keeping the best of Carriages and Horses, and careful drivers, to continue to merit the public patronage.

☞ Horses and Carriages taken on keeping, as usual.

Newport, April 28.

Morrison's Hygeian
VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINE
Of the British College of Health, London.

HEALTH.—While in the enjoyment of health, few people think of availing themselves of the opportunity which it offers of fortifying their systems against the attacks of disease, which they might easily do, by a light course of the Hygeian Medicines; which although efficacious in restoring health when lost, presents an agreeable and pleasant preventive of contagion & epidemical complaints. They operate, in cases of dyspepsia, with the unerring certainty of that most dangerous of all specifics, prussic acid, in removing those coats of dead phlegmatic humors, which cover and render inert the digestive organs of the stomach, in purifying the blood, and restoring the whole body to a healthy and happy tone of feeling, and enabling the stomach to receive and retain whatever kind of food, either animal or vegetable, which usage has sanctioned as fit for nourishing the human frame. In no case have they ever failed in effecting a cure, when properly persevered in, no matter what may have been the nature of the complaint.

Upwards of one thousand references can be given in this city and vicinity, and besides several written acknowledgements.

The system of physiology upon which the efficacy of these medicines is established, is extremely simple, and may be easily comprehended; it recognizes in the human frame but ONE disease, which, taken at its origin, is denominated IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, connected with a disordered state of the digestive organs, however various may be the appearances and symptoms in which it appears upon the surface of the body. People afflicted with hypocondriac, vertigo or pimples, find immediate and immediate and permanent relief from the use of these medicines. To ladies, in particular, they strongly recommend themselves, among other things, as a cosmetic, as they render the skin clear and smooth, and purge it of all deformities and bad humours.

☞ NOTICE.—The subscriber has got information of two or three individuals in this city attempting to counterfeit the above medicine, and that is their intention to send them into the country to be sold, hereby cautions all persons against the same, and that none are genuine except those sold by himself in Providence, by SAMUEL ASHLEY, of Purrillville, and DAVID MELVILL, South Wing of R. I. Union Bank Building, in Newport.—The public are therefore particularly requested not to purchase, without asking for the Certificate of Dr. H. SHEPHEADMOAT, which will clearly shew the imposters. The names of these individuals who are making so base an attempt, would be published, but the subscriber having obtained information of a gentleman who requested his name should not be brought forward at present, further enquiry will be made when they shall appear.

H. MIGNOT, Sole Hygeian Agent
for the State of Rhode Island

Office No. 51, South Main-street, Providence.

May 18, 1832.

At a Meeting of the Board of Health, Newport, April 20th, 1832.

ORDERED and decreed, That if any Privy Vaults within the compact part of the Town, which shall be found full, or nearly full, so as to be unwholesome or offensive to the inhabitants at any time between the 1st day of June, and the 20th day of Oct. next, the person owning or occupying the same, shall pay a fine of Three Dollars for the use of the town together with the costs of prosecution, and that the names of those persons who neglect to comply with the foregoing regulations, will be reported by the Inspectors of Nuisances to the Board of Health, who will order a prosecution to be commenced against them without delay. Ordered, That the foregoing be published in all the Newspapers of this town.—*Witness,*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Clerk.*

TO LET,

THE Dwelling-House at the corner of Spring and Fair-streets, formerly occupied by *William Crooke*, deceased.—For terms, apply to Mrs. R. WOOD, in Mill-Street.

Newport, March 3.

TO LET,

A VERY convenient two-story Dwelling-House, situated on the Farm of the Subscriber in Middletown, about 3 miles from Newport, on the west road.—It would be a very pleasant residence for a Southern family.—Apply to

S. T. NORTHAM.

Newport, March 10.

School-Books, &c.
Wm. & J.H. Barber,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

SCHOOL-BOOKS of every kind in use in Town and Country consisting of Geographies of every kind, Olney's, Cummings, Wooderidge's, Morse's do.;—Colburn's Arithmetic, Smith's and Murray's Grammar, Worden's, Webster's, Murray's and Cumming's Spelling-Books, &c. &c.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $[illegible] Ream: Letter Do. of various kinds.

ALSO,

ACCOUNT BOOKS

Of every description, and price.

May 26, 1832.

THE LADY'S BOOK.—Published by L. A. GODEY & Co. Philadelphia. The Work is issued in numbers on the first every month, printed on fine paper and new type.

Every number will contain a piece of music on copper plate engraving, and at least two wood cuts, and every three months, a steel plate of the Fashions.

Subscription price Three Dollars per annum, payable in advance. A new volume has just commenced, persons wishing to subscribe are requested to call and leave their names.

The design of the Work has already been fully stated in the Prospectus, and may be partly gathered from an inspection of its contents. To furnish a constant supply of useful and elegant Literature, selected with a view to the gratification of all classes, but more particularly to the Ladies, has been, and will continue to be the leading objects of the Publisher, as from the evidences of success already received they have no reason to doubt the entire accomplishment of their purpose. Every source from whence materials might be offered, has been laid under contribution, without regard to expense. The best journals, Foreign and American, are received at the earliest dates, and from these, careful selections of the best articles will continue to be made in such a way as will most likely combine variety, utility, and interest.

Original articles, translations or adaptations from foreign productions, are furnished by the hands, and the poetical department is enriched by the contributions of Authors of distinguished reputation and merit. In a word, nothing is left untried to make the Literary character of the work equal at least to any other publication.

The Embellishments are of a very superior order. Engravings suited to the character of the work, executed by the most skillful artists are bound up with each number, accompanied by appropriate descriptions of the various subjects.

Particular care has been taken to render the department of the Fashions and the Tales interesting and attractive, to which end the fashion is explained and illustrated by elegant plate engravings.

Of the mechanical execution of the work the Publishers do not hesitate to speak in terms of strong commendation. For correctness, accuracy, and beauty they believe the Lady's Book will not suffer in comparison with any work in this country.

☞ Subscriptions for the above are received at this Office.

March 21, 1832

DR. RIVERS' VEGETABLE POWDER
IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR THE COMPLAINT.

MR. DAM, grateful for the patronage received from a liberal and discriminating public, in all his articles of Patent Medicine that he has issued, having a desire to make his usefulness in the healing art, through the medium of the best of the faculty in all countries as well as this, is now introducing them the truly astonishing Vegetable Powder for the *LIVER COMPLAINT*, which he has from a private receipt from one of the first physicians in the city of London. He obtained this receipt from a gentleman of New-York, who went to London expressly for help; and this Physician cured him in a few weeks after he arrived there, although he was pronounced incurable by most of the physicians in New-York; he purchased the receipt, in four weeks after he returned home, & cured his nephew of the same complaint that was given over by all physicians who had attended him—his side had grown as thick as a man's hand. This fact no doubt will be familiar to many who read the recipe, but would not pay the price required by the fortunate holder. Dr. Dam is now the only person who has a right to make and vend this medicine in this country, and every Label will be signed by him to prevent imposition. He can with confidence recommend a trial of this invaluable medicine to thousands are afflicted with this disease in all parts of the country. The Proprietor has been induced to offer this Medicine to the public in order to give every person an opportunity to try its efficacy. For sale, wholesale and retail at No. 29, Prince-Street, Boston. DR. DAM. Price 50 Cents per box.

☞ For Sale, wholesale and retail, in Newport, by Dr. R. R. HAZARD, near the Market House.—*Also*, by JAMES TAYLOR JOHNSON, and Dr. A. P. MOORE, and by Dr. Thomas P. Seabury, at the Four Corners, Dr. J. Hedley, in Portsmouth; J. P. Bristol; P. R. Reed & Co. Fall-River; Druggists in Taunton, New-Bedford.

May 15, 1831.

ROMEO

HIS Colt, the Horse, the [illegible] the Stable of B. CORNELL, in Portsmouth, is the property of the Subscribe.—He is 6 years old, 15 hands and a half high; he is a dark bay, with black mane and tail. He is considered by good judges a handsome and well formed animal, and can be found in the State.

WILLIAM [illegible]

Portsmouth, May 10 1832.